## Integration of Western Smoke Management Programs, Air Quality, and F3

NASA Wildland Fire Applications Meeting



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## Origins of WESTAR-WRAP's Focus on Fire

- States-Tribes-Local air agencies have authority to regulate air quality, including smoke
  - operational Smoke Mgmt. Programs with involvement from federal and state land managers, and private burners
- In the WESTAR-WRAP region, the Regional Haze Rule requirements were analyzed for the 118 Class I areas across the West, and a consensus policy was adopted to track all types of fire to achieve goals set by State/Tribal/Local air agencies' SMPs
  - Natural vs. Anthropogenic fire
  - Emission Reduction Techniques
  - Annual Emission Goals
- Applications beyond RHR
  - Nonattainment Area impacts management
  - Inter-agency coordination



## Fire Tracking, Smoke Management, and Analysis

- State-Tribal-Local Agencies' Smoke Management Programs/ Systems are designed to provide decision support, accountability, activity data, and *accurate* information about fuels and consumption
- WRAP's Fire Emissions Tracking System collects data from these systems (and more!) to create and support regionally/nationally coherent fire EIs
- The WRAPTools system combines these data with air quality monitoring, modeling, and other supporting information to help with fire planning, SIPs, and Exceptional Event determinations

## Elements from selected operational western SMPs

CO

YES

Lat/Lon

YES

YES

YES

NO Ag, no

federal, state

or tribal

burning

				or or or					
FETS/WRAPTools	WA	Benton Co.	ID	OR	UT	AZ	Maricopa Co.	WY	
Date	DNR is burn date, ECY is permit date	Permit date, including fires that may never have happened.	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	YES	
Location (Lat/	Lat/Lon	No	Lat/Lon	PLSS	Lat/Lon	Lat/Lon	Lat/Lon	Lat/Lon	

YES

Only Acres,

burns

RX, WF

YES

YES

NO

Only planned

listed, not all

were

executed

YES

Data is

provided as a

tons/acre avg

duff depth

NO

RX;

**Broadcast** 

and Piles

stored

differently

YES

YES

YES

RX, WF

YES

Only total

Volume

provided

NO

RX, WF

Lon)

Burn Type (B, P)

Acres [#piles|vol]

Agency

Notes

YES

Yes but pile

counts just

assumed to

be 3 tons

Sort of

RX, Ag

No

Acres or

number of

tons

provided, no

pile numbers

**Implied** 

YES

Only Acres,

burns

RX, Ag

even for pile even for pile

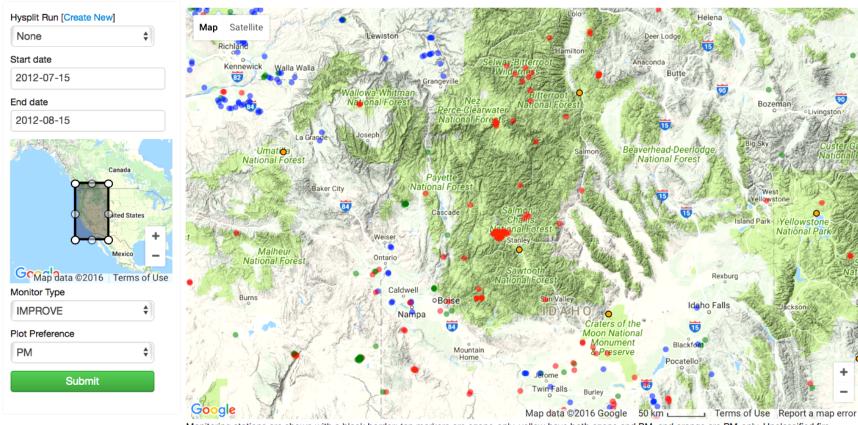
## **Example: EPA Region 9 Efforts in Smoke Management**

- federal air regulator role: interfacing with state & local air agencies, state forestry, & other federal agencies
- EPA R9 Air Resources Advisor Program participation
  - An emerging effort of the USFS trainings since 2013
  - A Technical Specialist, usually under the Planning Section
  - Many supporting organizations serve as ARAs: NPS, BLM, NRCS, State Forestry, Tribal (1), EPA (5)
  - Examples presented of EPA R9 ARA participation from ISS2 workshop:
    - Soberanes Fire
    - Fulton Fire
  - Three key areas of focus: 3Ms modeling, monitoring, messaging
    - Improving how air quality is considered on incidents and decisions
    - Providing information to public and fire personnel
    - Provide information to supporting partners

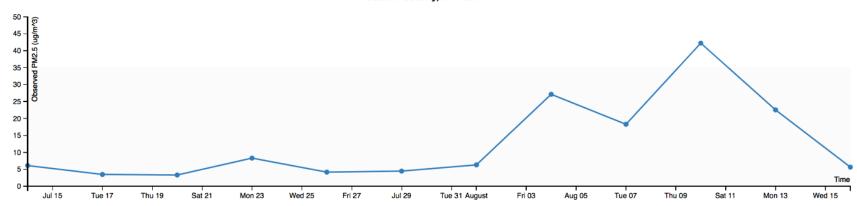
## **WRAPTools Data Inventory**

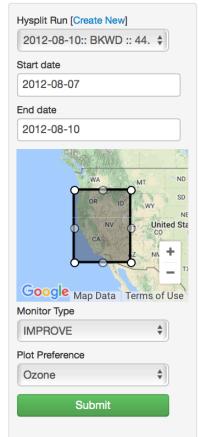
	Data set	Availability*	Update Cycle	
WRAP fets	Reported fire activity data for WRAP region agencies	2008–Present	Continued participation by Smoke Mgmt. Programs	
NORR NORR NORTH NO	Satellite-detected fire activity data	2004–Present	Daily feed from NOAA	
FOREST SERVICE UAS  FOREST SERVICE  FOREST SER	Fire perimeter data (MTBS)	1984–2012	Annual from RSAC GTAC (USFS)	
	Air quality planning-grade fire EIs	2008, 2011, 2014	Data processing for 2014 part of regional modeling efforts	
	Fire climatology data	2004–2012	Data processing prioritized based on need and funding	
WRAPTOOLS	CAMx Modeling results	2008, 2011	Intermountain West Data Warehouse – Western Air Quality Study adds 2014	
Federal Land Manager Environmental Database (FED	Research-grade secondary PM modeling results	2011		
Home Summaries Data Metadata	Air quality monitoring data	Period of Record in AQS	Accessed via FED	

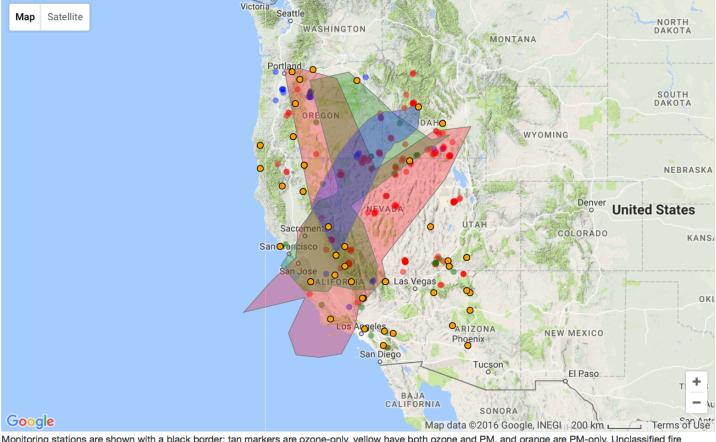
<sup>\* -</sup> increasing length of consistent data periods of record improve emissions projections' capabilities for air quality planning under CAA



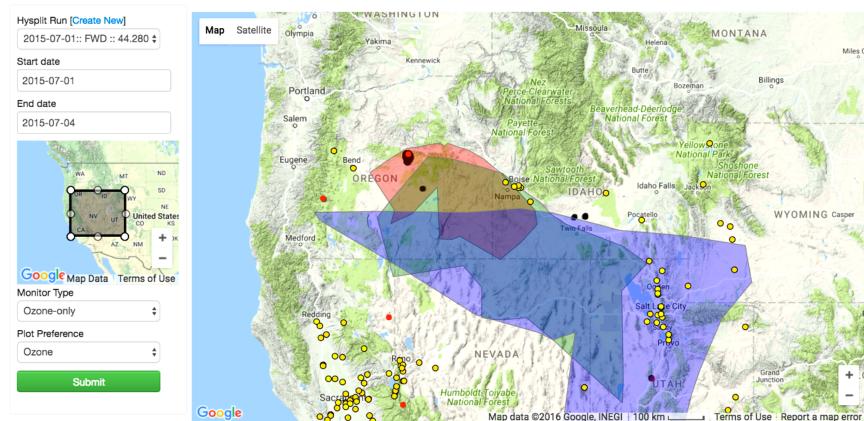
#### 24-hour Observed PM2.5 (MF) 07/12/2012 to 08/18/2012 Custer County, ID - SAWT1







- HYSPLIT envelopes one, two and three days upwind
- Result is permanently stored for later retrieval
- Map adjusts dates and bounds to envelopes
- Only three inputs needed:
  - Origin
  - Start Date
  - Back- or forward-trajectory



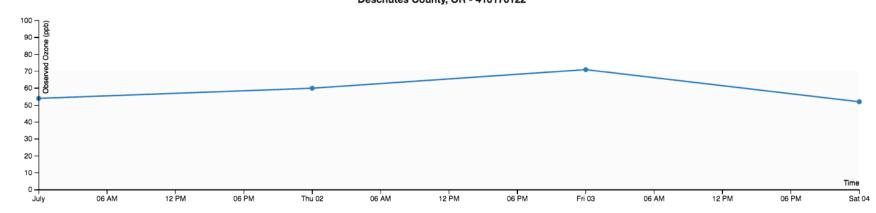
Miles C

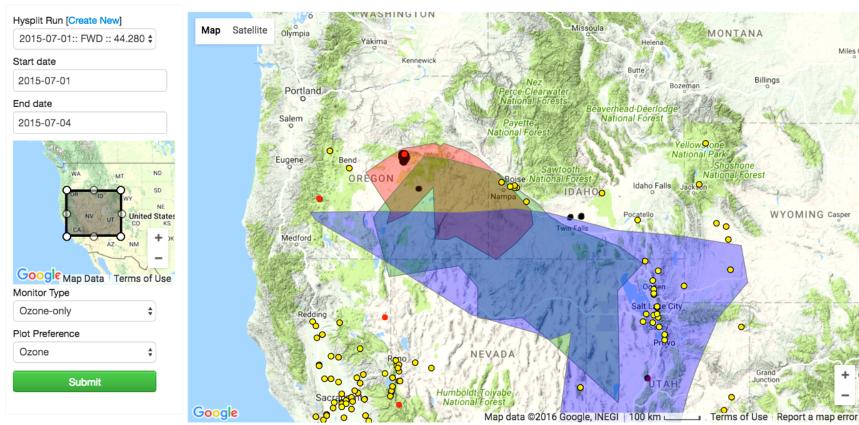
Billings

Grand

WYOMING Casper

#### Max 8-hour Observed Ozone 07/01/2015 to 07/04/2015 Deschutes County, OR - 410170122

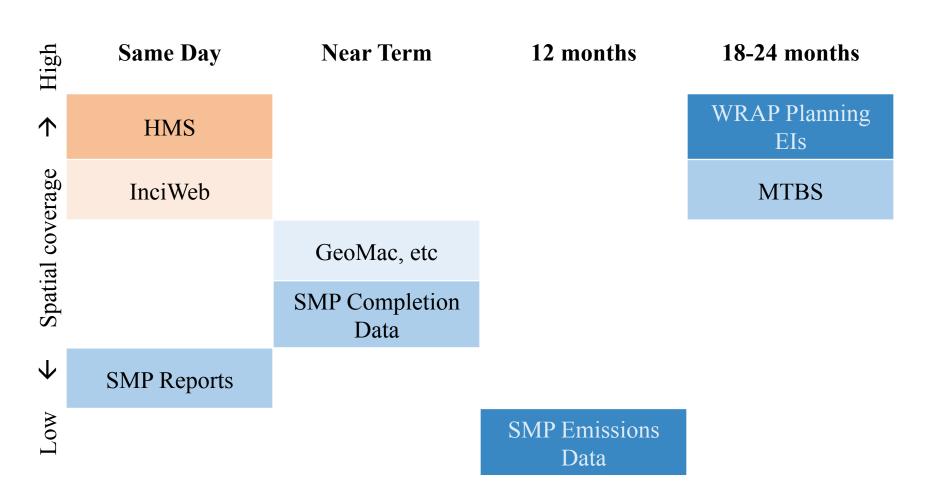




# Example from July 2015 Forward trajectory From one large wildfire in Oregon Ozone in Bend spikes on 7/3

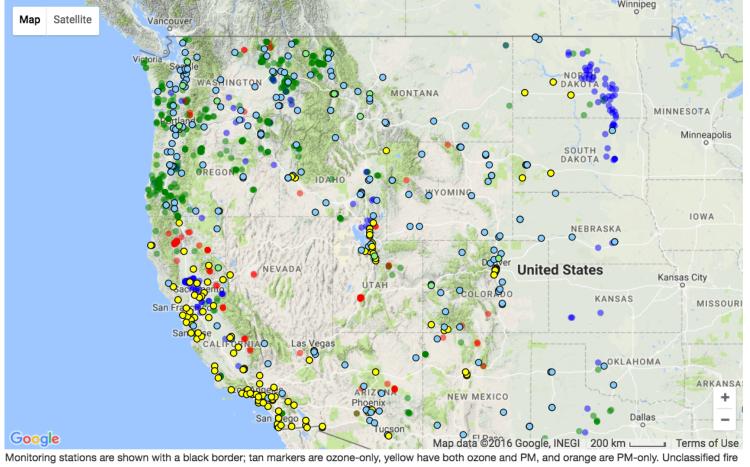
Behavior of HYSPLIT shows possible influence from the fire event

## Availability of Relevant Fire Datasets



<sup>\*</sup>Color indicates data quality/completeness

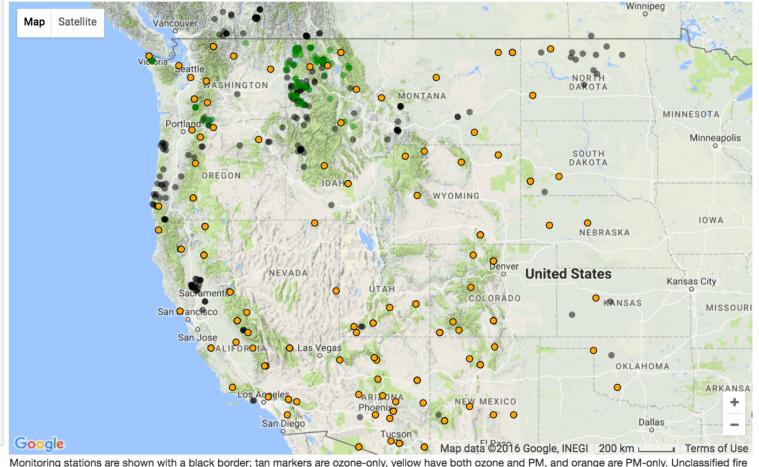




## **2012**, 2015, and 2016 on the same two days Shows differences in available data:

"Black" are unclassified fire events of unknown size
Colored fires are classified, of known size, with at least a first-order
emissions estimate.

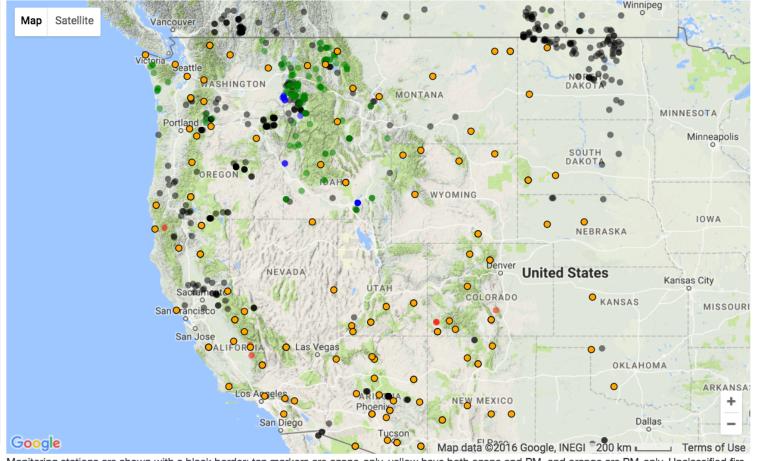




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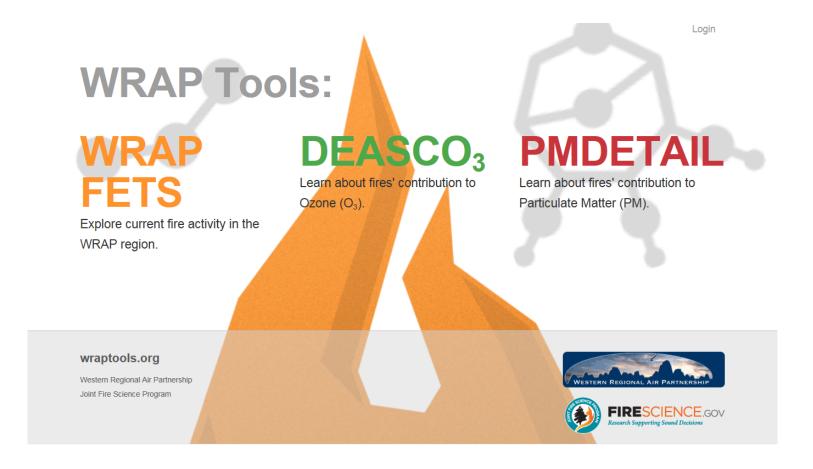


## A Century of Wildland Fire Research: How Can We Apply What We've Learned?

Monday, March 27, 2017 8:30 am – 12:30 pm EST Washington, DC Registration opens at 7:45 am

Wildland fire management is becomingly increasingly difficult for federal, regional, and local authorities due to a variety of challenges, including drier conditions in some areas of the country and the expansion of the urban-wildland interface. Developing long-term wildland fire management approaches informed by wildland fire science can lead to more strategic and cost-effective planning and management strategies for living with wildland fire. Join this half day workshop in Washington, DC, and also by webcast to discuss what has been learned from the wildland fire research that the U.S. Forest Service, other federal agencies, and research organizations have conducted and supported over the past century and how it might be applied toward more effective planning and management.

#WildlandFire



https://www.wraptools.org/

2<sup>nd</sup> International Smoke Symposium - Nov. 14<sup>th</sup> training workshop on EPA programs, FLM mgmt., and WRAP Tools